

3.  $(x^a)^b = x^{ab}$

4.  $(xy)^a = x^a y^a$

5.  $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^a = \frac{x^a}{y^a}$

6.  $(x)^0 = 1$

7.  $x^{-a} = \frac{1}{x^a}$

$\frac{1}{x^{-a}} = x^a$

e.  $\left(\frac{t}{5}\right)^3 =$

g.  $wx^{-2} =$

i.  $(4s^4)(-2s)^3 =$

k.  $\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{-3} = \frac{6^3}{5^3} = \frac{216}{125}$

d.  $(3^4 x^4 y)^2 = 81 x^8 y^2$

f.  $m^7 \cdot \frac{m^{-2}}{m^4} = m$

h.  $(25x^2 - 6x^3)^0 = 1$

j.  $\frac{y^3}{x^5} \cdot \frac{x^3}{y^{-4}} =$

l.  $\frac{2x^6 y^4}{8x^3} \cdot \frac{4x^2}{12y^5} = \frac{x^2 y^4}{9x^3 y^5} = \frac{x^5}{9y}$

Rational Exponents

$\sqrt[n]{x^p} = x^{p/n}$

We can rewrite expressions with rational exponents as radical expressions to help us evaluate them more easily.

Example 1: Simplify each expression

\*Turn it into a radical. The numerator is the power of the base, and the denominator is the number in the corner of the radical!

a)  $27^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{27} = 3$

a)  $a^{\frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{a}$

b)  $64^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{64} = 8$

b)  $m^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{m}$

c)  $8^{\frac{2}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{64} = 4$

c)  $x^{\frac{3}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{x^3}$

d)  $12^{\frac{2}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{144}$

d)  $y^{\frac{7}{2}} = \sqrt{y^7}$

Example 2: Write each expression as a Rational Exponent

\*The numerator is the power of the base, and the denominator is the number in the corner of the square root sign!

a)  $\sqrt[3]{x^2} = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

a)  $\sqrt{m} = m^{\frac{1}{2}}$

b)  $\sqrt[3]{5y} = (5y)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 5^{\frac{1}{3}} y^{\frac{1}{3}}$

b)  $\sqrt[3]{2y^2} = 2^{\frac{1}{3}} y^{\frac{2}{3}}$

c)  $(\sqrt{b})^3 = b^{\frac{3}{2}}$

c)  $\sqrt{-6} = (-6)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

d)  $\sqrt{a^3 x^2 y} = a^{\frac{3}{2}} x y^{\frac{1}{2}}$

d)  $\sqrt[3]{16a^2 b^5} = 16^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{2}{3}} b^{\frac{5}{3}}$

← Do for HW →

Back for

# EXPONENT REVIEW

Name:

Date:

Period:

J	N	I	F	P	O	E	B	Q
D	P	C	O	A	E	I	L	H
A	J	F	E	A	O			
J	J	J	J	J	J	J	J	J
D	B	Q	H					
C	E	E	E	P	C	F		
I	L	F	A	I	C	L	O	I
A	P	E	O	L	K	P	A	C
C	F	G	K	G	F	O	L	F
I	O	P	L	C	A	E	P	I

A	$27b^9$	J	$x^3$
B	$-\frac{2p}{p^2}$	K	$10a^4b$
C	$\frac{2x}{y^2}$	L	$-\frac{1}{p}$
D	$20m^{15}$	M	$20x^5y^3$
E	$-x^3$	N	$8x^4y^8$
F	$-\frac{b}{4}$	O	$3xy$
G	$20m^8$	P	$-\frac{m}{3}$
H	$7a^4b$	Q	$2xy^2$
I	$-27x^3$	R	$16x^4y^8$

Simplify. Your answer should contain only positive exponents.

black 1)  $4m^5n^0 \cdot 5m^3$  G

black 2)  $5ab \cdot 2a^3$  K

grey 3)  $5x^5 \cdot 4y^3$  M

grey 4)  $(4x^2y^4)^2$  R

yellow 5)  $(3b^3)^3$  A

yellow 6)  $(-3x)^3$  I

yellow 7)  $-\frac{m^2n^2}{3mn^2}$  P

yellow 8)  $\frac{-3x^2y^2}{-xy}$  O

yellow 9)  $\frac{2yx^3}{x^2y^3}$  C

yellow 10)  $-\frac{b^2 \cdot b^3}{(2b^2)^2}$  F

yellow 11)  $\frac{3x \cdot (-x)^3}{3x}$  E

yellow 12)  $\frac{2p^2}{-2p \cdot (-p)^2}$  L